Elopement of Married People Ends in a Dramatic Spicide at Vincennes.

Christian E'adeavor Convention-Gas Regulator Explodes-Collapse of a Railway Bridge-A Mortgage on "Heaven."

INDIANA.

Kertucky Elopement Ends at Vincennes in the Suicide of the Erring Woman.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VINCENNES, Feb. 5 .- This forenoon a love tragedy occurred in this city. Mrs. Lillie Hampton shot herself through the body near the heart, while momentarily alone in a room, and then opened the door and shot twice at Sandford Brown Wheelan, her paramour, before she was overpowered by the marshal, who was in the room at the time. He had just arrested Wheelan at the instance of W. C. Terhune, brother of Mrs. was not hurt.

About the middle of last December she and Wheelan eloped from Harrodsburg, Ky., and came to this city, where they passed as W. S. Brown and wife. They lived quietly, made friends and were industrious. He is thirty and she is twenty-seven. Her brother learned of her whereabouts and came here to persuade her to return to her deserted husband and three children, and rather than leave the man she loved, who has also deserted a wife and three children, and rather than leave the man she loved, who has also deserted a wife and three children, and referred to die by her three children, she preferred to die by her own hand. She regretted that she did not hit Wheelan, that both might die together. Both parties to this tragedy are highly connected. It is said that Mr. Hampton became insane because his wife deserted him and has wandered away and been lost.

Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SEYMOUR, Feb. 5 .- Yesterday a young man calling himself Frank C. New arrived here and claimed that he represented the Indianapolis Journal in the capacity of a special reporter. He visited the newspaper offices and engaged the editors in conversation on several subjects. He called at the Republican office about 2 o'clock and from Indianapolis somebody stole his over-coat and got off the train with it at Columbus. He was a fluent talker, apt at shorthand, and took down several points on the political management of this county by the Democrats, and left the ofice stating that he would write the matter up when he got home. He appeared to have been drinking, but walked straight. He remained over until to-day. This afteruoon he walked into the postoffice and stated his name, and that he was a relative of the proprietor of the Journal; that he was short of funds, and asked the loan of \$2, which postmaster Philip Wilhelm advanced, taking his receipt therefor. Be-Mr. Wilhelm telegraphed to the Journal in regard to him and received the reply that F. C. New was not in the employ of that

paper, whereupon the gentleman was arrested and locked up on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Christian Endeavor Convention.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Feb. 5 .- The first annual convention of the seventh district of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor closed to-day, the sessions being held in this city. The district is composed of the counties of Howard, Miami, Wabash and Grant, All the counties were represented, 124 delegates and as many visitors being present. Prof. C. E. Newlin, of this city, is president of the district society. At the first session Rev. R. G. Roscamp, of the First Presbyterian Church of this city, made the address of welcome. Response by Rev. E. A. Hardee, of Marion. Devotional exer-cises were conducted by Rev. S. C. Dickey. of the First Presbyterian Church of Peru. Dr. Rondtheler, of Indianapolis, made a masterly address. The membership in the district numbers 1,400. This city has a membership of 185.

Arrested for Murderous Assault. special to the Indianapolis Journal.

KOKOMO, Feb. 5.-The sheriff of Brown county, Illinois, arrested John Kellar, of Kokomo, Wednesday on a requisition from Governor Fifer, and took him to the scene of his crime. Kellar, who is twenty-two years of age, lived here until a year ago, and is of a highly respected family. Last June he and some of his companious were out in the woods playing cards, when W. H. McGee, a pious old gentleman, expostulated with them and entreated them to stop such conduct on Sunday. The young men took umbrage at this, and young Kellar drew a knife and inflicted eighteen frightful gashes on the old man. Kellar fled the country. McGee lingered at death's door for many weeks, but finally recovered. A short time ago Kellar returned to his father's, and his arrest followed.

Boy Highwayman Acquitted. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Jan. 5 .- This morning the jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the case in which Grant Phinney was charged with assisting in the robbing of William Shick. a prominent citizen here, last September. It was charged that Phinney, Clark Dow-den and Oscar Watson, all under age, at-tacked Mr. Shick on a secluded street, knocked him down and took his pocket-book containing \$80, while he was covered with a revolver. Phinney and Dowden have since been in jail, while Watson, who is the son of one of Delaware county's wealthiest citizens, was bailed out.

Injured by a Gas Explosion.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Feb. 5 .- This morning, at about 1 o'clock, after the puddlers at the Darnell nati-mill had finished their day's work. night watchmen John Beattie and Bert Spaulding, with torches in their hands went to the gas-regulator-house to turn off the gas. As the men entered an explosion took place that demolished the building. badly burning the two men. Spaulding was hurt internally, and fears of the result are entertained. It was a thoughtless trick by the men, as such bouses are at all times filled with escaping gas.

Postal Telegraph Company's War. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BEAZIL, Feb. 5 .- In the trial of John R Miller, before Esquire Eckles, on a charge of cutting down the Postal Telegraph Company's poles adjoining his farm, four miles west of Brazil, defendant was acquitted on the ground of insufficient evidence. The farmers, who are trying to force the company to buy right of way of them, are jubilant over the acquittal. The company is likely to be further annoyed, although they offer a reward for the arrest and conviction of any trespasser.

Railway Bridge Collapses.

Special to the Indianapells Journal. EVANSVILLE, Feb. 5 .- The huge bridge of the Belt railroad in this city, spanning Pigeon creek, fell with a crash to-day while a train of freight cars was passing over it. A span one hundred feet in length and a new furniture car are at the bottom, badly wrecked. The engine barely escaped, but was badly damaged in the strain and sud-den stoppage that followed. No lives were lost, but the damage will amount to thou-

Heavy Assignments of Farmers. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENSBURG, Feb. 7 .- Charles C. Hamilton made a general assignment to-day, naming James B. Robinson as his assignee. Liabilities and assets are each not far from \$20,000. He owned a farm east of this place of about 826 acres, which is well stocked, but bad crops, etc., have rendered him unable to longer carry his load of debt and do justice to his creditors. He is of one of the dest and best families, and a man of unimpeachable character. John W. Meek assigned to-day to Noah which, acting through the Dashiel. He owned 130 acres of land near every part of the system.

Sandusky and considerable personal property. Assets about \$ ,000; liabilities on his own behalf, about \$3,800, with indorsements for his brother, who assigned yester-day, to the amount of about \$5,000 more. These men have been regarded excellent citizens, and many friends deeply regret their misfortune.

Montgomery Orphans' Home. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Feb. 5 .- The annual meeting of the Montgomery County Orphans' Home Association was held yesterday and elected the following officers: Jos. Milligan, president; Mrs. J. M. Lane, vicepresident; O. M. Gregg, secretary; Mrs. L. A. Foote corresponding secretary, and Mrs. S. S. McCain, treasurer. During the past year the total receipts were \$2,562.32, of which sum \$2,504 come from the county.
The expenses were \$2,269.82, leaving on hand
a balance of \$292.40. Mrs. Jane Himer, the
matron, reports that the number cared for
during the past year was fifty-six, and at
present there are thirty-two in the Home.

Southeastern Fair Circuit.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NORTH VERNON, Feb. 5.-The Southeastern Indiana Fair Circuit, organized here, includes the counties of Jennings, Jefferson, Ripley, Dearborn, Switzerland and Hampton. The woman is dying. Wheelan Rush. Chas. F. Kennedy, of Rushville, is president, and J. M. Cravens, of Madison, secretary. The dates of the coming fairs in the circuit are as follows: North Vernon, beginning Aug. 4; Madison, Aug. 11; Osgood, Aug. 18; Dearborn, Aug. 25; East Enterprise, Sept. 1; Batesville, Sept. 1, and Rushville, Sept. 8.

Elected to a Professorship. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Feb. 5 .- Walter J. Quick, a real-estate agent and dealer in fine stock in this city, to-day received a telegram from the directors of the Colorado Agricultural College at Ft. Collins notifying him of his election to the chair of agriculture at a salary of \$2,000 a year. The board in another telegram purchased an interest in a car-load of his fine short-horn cattle and bought outright all of his registered Shrop shire sheep. He will dispose of his real-estate business here and leave on the 15th

of this month.

Submerged Timber. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Feb. 5 .- While digging a well on the farm of Ed Thompson, just over the Bartholomew county line, near Edinburg, some days ago, the workmen struck a log at the depth of twenty-four feet, which was two feet in diameter. The wood was of the poplar variety, and had a limb where struck eight inches in diameter. Logs of similar size have been struck several times in what is known as the Hawpatch valley. The deep well at the court-house in this city was sunk through a large log at the depth of twenty feet.

Long-Lived Family.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal, SPICELAND, Feb. 5 .- Josiah Hiatt, a wellknown citizen of this vicinity, died last evening, aged sixty-two years. He belongs to a remarkable family. His father is eighty-seven years old and his mother eighty-five years old, and both living. They were married sixty-seven years ago yesterdey. They raised a family of ten children, the youngest being about forty years old. Josiah was the first one to die.

White Caps Acquitted. Special to the Indianaports Journal. ANDERSON Feb. 5.—The trial of the Madison county White Caps is a thing of the past. "Not guilty" was the verdict of the twelve farmers who tried W. H. Richardson, and which was read in open court at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The cases against the other defendants will be dis-

Minor Notes. James F. McMichael, of Mishawaka, died from injuries suffered in a runaway. Thomas McGowan, near Martinsville, was

caught by a falling tree and seriously in-

George Borden, an aged nailer, at Greenfield, was dangerously burned, yesterday, by a gas-flame flaring up into his face. While Ora Gonder was trying to drill out a cold blast at the limestone quarries near Utica it was discharged and he was dangerously injured, losing both eyes.

The Kokomo Board of Trade has been reorganized, and is prepared to offer big in-ducements for the location of factories. Sites and free gas are open for all comers, Martin and Conrad Redcap, the Madison county farmers caught in the act of com-

mitting burglary a couple of months ago, have forfeited their bail and disappeared. A jury in the Montgomery county court has just awarded Rev. Joshua S. Spears \$350 and costs against the old Greencastle Toll-road Company. He drove off a bridge. Hence the suit for damages. Martin Van Buren, as President, signed a

patent granting Daniel Bush eighty acres of Boone county land. Mr. Bush has lived on the tract continuously, and not until vesterday did he have the deed recorded. The Decatur county superintendent yesterday rendered a decision in the cause

tried Monday, revoking the license of Orlando F. Johnson, principal of the Westport schools. In consideration of the fact that it would be difficult to secure a teacher to complete the short term of the school the revocation dates from harch 10 next. The superintendent finds him guilty of intoxication and other grave immoralities.

ILLINOIS. ge for \$12,000 Placed on the "Hes

of the Beekmanites. ROCKFORD, Feb. 5 .- A mortgage of \$12,00 has been placed on the Weldon farm, on which live George J. Schweinfurth and his disciples. The mortgagers are Spencer Weldon, Agnes Weldon, William G. Weldon and Lincoln Weldon, and the mortgagee is Edward C. Portman, of Chicago. The name of Schweinfurth does not appear upon the instrument, and it is the general opinion that the leader of the new Zion is in receipt of \$100 a day in the way of tithes. There is much speculation as to the reason the five hundred heavenly acres, worth at least \$30,000, have been mortgaged.

Crawford Convicted. DECATUR, Feb. 5.-In the Macon county Circuit Court the trial of Wm. H. Crawford for the murder of Mrs. Lina Mathias. wife of Colonel Mathias, was concluded last night. The jury, after being out an hour, brought in a verdict of guilty, fixing the penalty as death. Judge Vail will pass sentence in a few days.

Brief Mention. Lientenant Frederick Schwatka has returned to his home at Rock Island. He is

in a very cheerful mood. A desperate attempt at snicide was made at Princeton by a man named Selstrum aged seventy-five years. During a fit of desperation he gashed his throat with a kuife, outting through his windpipe. He cut one wrist and fractured his skull with a hammer. Believing he was about to die he sent for a minister. He cannot live. The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Mutual Aid, in session at Springfield, re-elected the old officers as follows: Grand president, George I. Dogin, of Jacksonville; grand vice-president, T. J. Scofield, of Quincy; grand secretary, Alex. McLean, of Macomb; grand treasurer, M. W. Matthews,

first Tuesday of February, 1892. Movements of Steamers.

of Urbana. Springfield was selected as the

place for the next annual meeting, on the

HAMBURG, Feb. 5 .- Arrived: Rhaetia, from New York. QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 5.-Arrived: Ger-manic, from New York, for Liverpool. LONDON, Feb. 5 .- The City of Berlin, from New York, for Liverpool, passed Browhead this morning.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The Rotterdam, from Rotterdam, eighteen days ago, about which there was some auxiety among those interested, arrived at quarantine at 6:45 o'clock this morning, after a stormy voyage. The Rot-terdam reports that on Feb. 1, in latitude 42.30 north, longitude 56.49 west, she passed a National-line steamer bound west, possi-bly the disabled steamer Denmark.

It is a mistake to try to cure catarrh by using local applications. Catarrh being a consitutional disease, requires a constitu-tional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, acting through the blood, reaches

IT WAS A BOGUS INTERVIEW

Sir Julian Pauncefote Denies Having Talked on the Behring Sea Case.

liews of Sir Charles Tupper on the Same Sul ject and on Reciprocity with Canada-Macdonald Criticised by Goldwin Smith.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.-The agent of the Associated Press called upon the British minister, Sir Julian Pauncefote, this morning and drew his attention to the statement issued by Dalziel's news agency, reasserting the authenticity of the alleged interview with the minister on the Supreme Court decision in the Sayward case, which was cabled to the London Times, and to the text of the alleged interview itself, reproduced to-day in New York. Sir Julian read all carefully, and after some conversation he, at the request of the agent, reduced to

writing what he had said, as follows: I absolutely deny having used any of the language attributed to me in the alleged interview telegraphed to the London Times and republished in the World of to-day. A man accosted me in a public car, and asked me whether I had heard of the decision of the Supreme Court given that day on the Sayward case. On my replying in the negative, he informed me that leave had just been given to file the petition. We exchanged a few commonplace remarks about the agitation which the case had excited, and which I said I was glad to think had subsided. The conversation had not lasted more than two minutes when tion had not lasted more than two minutes when I alighted from the car. I had not the least idea that I was being interviewed. The above, however, is all that passed.

JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE. After writing this letter the Minister summoned his secretary, had a copy of the letter made and directed that it be ad-dressed to Lord Salisbury and cabled at once in cipher to him.

A Talk with Sir Charles Tupper. NEW YORK, Feb. 5 .- Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian high commissioner at London, England, accompanied by Su Donald A. Smith, arrived here to-day on the steamer Teutonic. Sir Charles was shown the printed proposals of the Canadian government to the United States on the question of reciprocity, and he said: "I am perfectly familiar with the ground covered by the Governor-general of Can-Secretary in England. I was present when that dispatch was received in London by Lord Knutsford. I think proposition which it contains is of the most practicable and satisfactory character ever submitted for consideration between two countries. It provides for a mutually beneficial exchange, which commends itself to the business foresight of all commercial interests. It is the nearest approach to what I consider to be legitimate reciprocity that has yet been devised. In fact, my impressions of the advantages of this proposed treaty are so favorable that I should not be surprised if Sir John Mac-donald won on his proposed appeal to the country to sustain him at a general elec-

With reference to the case before the United States Supreme Court in regard to the seizure of a Canadian vessel in Alaskan waters, Sir Charles said that he thought such a reference to the United States Supreme Court by the imperial authority was in the highest degree complimentary to the United States for the reason, if for nothing else, that it manifested the utmost confidence in the wisdom, the impartiality and the fairness of one of the greatest judicial tribunals in the world The question involved in that appeal, how-ever, in the opinion of Sir Charles, had nothing whatever to do with the merits of the proposition for a reciprocity treaty. As to the report that Sir John Macdonald received a severe reprimand from the British government for having made pub lie the text of the proposal for reciprocity before it had time to reach the government authorities at Washington, Sir Charles thought there must be some mistake, be cause Sir John knew too much about international courtesy to make an error of that

Later Sir Donald Smith was seen at hi hotel and questioned on the same subject. He said: "I think a restrictive reciprocity would be acceptable and is desired by the majority of Canadian people, and from my conversations with the party leaders in England I think that the English government would look with favor upon such s treaty. But it would not favo a plan of reciprocity which would be a mutual discrimination against England by the United States and Canada, and may say that anything which would result in such a discrimination is not though of by the people of Canada in general. I do not think there is the slightest wish on the part of either political party for a separation from England. Of course, the Liberals, as they are called, talk of reciprocity and annexation, but I do not believe any such policy would commend itself to any but a small minority of Canadians."

Macdonald Criticised by Goldwin Smith. TORONTO, Feb. 5 .- Prof. Goldwin Smith writes to the Mail protesting against the dissolution of Parliament at the present time. He says: "The reasons assigned by Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues for dissolving the House are fictitious. They know that they have not only taken up a fiscal position, but have assumed a political attitude towards the United States government which puts successful negotiation of a reciprocity treaty by them out of the question. They know, and the organs of their party, in fact, confess, that in springing this dissolution upon us their motive is not constitutional, but is one of party tactics, and of party tactics alone. They hope thus to defeat the formation of public opinion, the tendency of which must be painfully visible to them, on the subject of reciprocity, and to prevent the fair de-liverance of the national verdict on that issue. The absence of any constitutional ground for the dissolution and the transparent hollowness of the ground tendered ought to have led the Governor-general to hesitate before he acted on the advice of his Tory Ministers. That he has no discretion left him, but is bound to make himself the passive instrument of a moral violation of the Constitution, is a doctrine which we cannot accept. If the last prerogative has been assigned, what has a representative of the crown to do here?"

New Brunswick Must Have Reciprocity. St. John, N. B., Feb. 5.—The views of manufacturers about St. John are being obtained as to the effect of unrestricted trade with the United States, since the new tariff bill went into operation. The lime trade in particular has suffered, both as to the extent of shipments and profits realized. A large amount of American capital is invested in this enterprise. The verdict is that the duty must come off or the St. John kilns, which had begun to multiply rapidly before the passage of the McKinley bill, will not open in the spring. Dealers in red granite, which is shipped extensively into the United States, say that if reciprocity does not come they will move their works into the United States.

Sir John Macdonald Censured. OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 5.-It is said that Sir John Macdonald received a severe reprimand from the British government for having made public the text of the proposal of reciprocity he has made through the British government to the government of the United States before it reached the authorities at Washington. The Canadian press has not been slow in calling attention to this great breach of international courtesy, and only excuses the Premier on account of the desperate means he has been driven to to save his government from an ignominious defeat when it goes before the country for a vindication of its policy next month.

Denial from Secretary Blaine,

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 .- Secretary Blaine said to-day, with reference to the dispatch from Ottawa, published this morning, which gives from a Canadian source what purports to be the manner in which the proposal for reciprocity negotiations came to be made to the United States, that the statements concerning himself and his action in the matter were utterly without

Fatally Burned by Her Child. GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 3.-Mrs. William Grimes, after completing her domestic du-

ties this afternoon, lay down on the bed in her room and went to sleep. Her little four-year-old daughter found a box of matches, and with them set fire to the building, the window curtains and the clothes in the closet. The child had pre-viously locked the bedroom door and had thrown the key out of the window. When the mother awoke the whole room was ablaze. She could not escape by the door, and was obliged to leap from the window with her child in her arms. Her clothing had eaught fire, and when she fell to the ground she was wrapped in flames. Neigh-bors ran to her assistance, but were too late to save her life. She died in terrible agony this evening. Her little daughter escaped severe injury.

BERNHARDT IN "LA TOSCA."

She Was Measured for the Leading Character in the Play, and It Fits Her, So a Critic Says.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.-The Tribune this

morning says: In the Garden Theater, last

night, as the heroine of "La Tosca," the

eccentric Sarah Bernhardt made her re-entrance upon the stage of this capital. She gave a performance remarkable for the dexterity and finish of its mechanism and for its ample revelation of those personal peculiarities which have inspired and long retained the devotion of her admirers. The supple figure, the nervous force, the incessant, yet reposeful and beautifully molded action; the unerring fitness of expressive gesture, the wealth of capricious wiles, the melody of voice, the vehement loquacity and the abundant resources of craft and of fury in moments of sudden theatrical transition-all these equipments and felicities of her exceptional personality and her authoritative art remain unimpaired and entirely at her command.

"La Tosca" is a foul and abhorrent play,
and more than enough has been said about
it already. This life of ours is a short one,
and people can always be better employed as it passes than in raking over a pile of rotten rubbish. The duty of the moment toward this piece is fulfilled by a record of its recurrence. Sarah Bernhardt was measnred for the part of La Tosca, and it fits ber. She is artificial and insincere in her coquetry, but, perhaps, her insincerity makes it all the more natural. She does not express any higher phase of a woman's love than the animal phase of it. The most of Sarah hardt's stage women are commonly engaged in trying to make themselves sensually enchanting to men, but they never truly experience love, and the word is profaned when associated with them. During the scene with the corpse, Sarah Bernhardt held her audience in a hush of breathless suspense, and at the end of it their plaudits were long and loud. She is unquestionably a woman of unique character and of great talents, and as such, and, notwithstanding that her influence upon the stage and upon the dramatic pro-fession has been almost universally pernicious, she may be seen and studied with interest and benefit. The propensity to look upon Sarah Bernhardt as a prodigious, and wonderful, and incomparable, and transcendent actress, indeed, ought not to be encouraged. Sarah Bernhardt is an accomplished artist, but she has never reached, and she never will reach, the height that was occupied on the American stage by Charlotte Cushman and that is occupied on the English stage by Ellen EIGHT-HOUR DAY MOVEMENT. Measures Miners Are Interested In-A Mass.

Meeting Held at Brazil. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., Feb. 5.—The miners of this district held a mass-meeting here to-day. The meeting was in the interest of various legislative measures-new mining laws or amendments to old ones. Steps were also taken toward a more perfect organization under one or both of the national mining orders. The annual convention of the United Mine-workers of America is to be held at Columbus, O., Feb. 11 and 12. A yearly scale of wages throughout the organized districts in Ohio and Pennsylvania will be fixed at the convention. The eighthour labor day movement will be inaugurated by the minera beginning May 1 next, and this question was discussed at the

"It is very fortunate for the eight-hour day movement that the miners begin it. said an operator. "Many of the miners do not work more than six or seven hours a day. The operators generally will be glad to have the time lengthened, as the limit proposed will virtually lengthen it. There will be no serious objection to the miners' success in the movement. If they succeed other workmen will have a precedent, if no

Filling the Places of Strikers, PITTSBURG, Feb. 5 .- Considerable excitement was caused at Braddock to-day over the arrival of a party of workmen to take the places of the strikers at the Braddock wire-mill. The new men came from the East, and were accompanied by Pinkerton detectives. They were jeered and hooted at by the strikers, but no attempt was made to otherwise interfere with them. The strike was inaugurated on Dec. 31 because the firm refused to reinstate men whom they had discharged. Arrangements have been made for a resumption as

soon as enough mon arrive to fill the places of the strikers. No Trouble on the Panhandle. PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 5.—Reports of a strike on the Pennsylvania lines west of here, in the near future, have no foundation. Dissatisfaction has existed among some of the train men for several months. but no move looking to a strike has been made. The cammittee appointed several weeks ago to present a bill of grievances to the general manager has been waiting to meet him, but so far they have not been successful. Those who ought to know do not anticipate any serious trouble.

New York Cloak-Makers Strike. NEW YORK, Feb. 5 .- Between the cloakmaking firms and 1,500 operatives now striking, stand the contractors who make prices for the hands. The firms threaten o end the strike by giving their goods directly to the operatives at contractor's

WANTS AN APPROPRIATION.

Chicago Will Ask Congress to Give 35,000, 000 in Aid of the World's Fat. CHICAGO, Feb. 5.- The ways and means committee of the World's Columbian Exposition has decided to ask Congress to appropriate \$5,000,000 in aid of the world's fair. The matter will be laid before the next Congress, as the present one is too near the end of its session to get it through. Prof. John P. Barrett, the city electrician, was to-day appointed to the head of the exposition electrical department. Capt. J. W. Collins, of the United States Fish Commission, was appointed for the fish and fisheries department, and Professor Put-num, of Harvard College, for the depart-ment of ethnology and archæology.

The Illinois Exhibit. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 5 .- The State

Board of Agriculture has completed a world's fair bill. It will be introduced in both houses to-morrow. The outline of the plans for the State exhibit is elaborate in the bill, which carries the appropriation of \$1,000,000. The methods and results of the educational work in the different schools and universities of the State; educational and industrial work in the charitable institutions; elaborate collections illustrating the history and archæology of the State; natural resources; manufactured products, etc., are among many of the features of the plan. The State Board of Agriculture shall exercise general control and supervision of the exhibit, and may, in its discretion, employ a competent person as executive officer.

Governor Steele Recovering from Illness. GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 5 .- Dr. Craig. the attending physician of Governor Steele, said this morning that the Governor is much improved, and will be able in a few days to make his contemplated trip to

INVESTMENTS TO BE TAXED

Movement in the West to Make Bonds, Mortgages and Stocks Stand a Share.

Bills to This End Introduced in Kaneas, Wisconsin and Colorado-New Free-Trade Scheme-Work of the Legislatures.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 5 .- The bill agreed upon in the Alliance caucus, providing for the taxation of bonds and mortgages, was considered, section by section, in the House to-day. The discussion showed that the Alliance will vote for the bill unanimously and will pass it through the House. The bill provides that all bonds and mortgages shall be stamped "Assessed" by the assessor. When mortgages are not so stamped no court can render judgment upon them. The bill further provides that bonds, mortgages and notes shall be assessed at their actual cash value. William Mitchell, chairman of the grievance committee of the Arkansas City division of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, accompanied by 150 railway men of this State, arrived here to-day to protest against the passage of the bill in the Legislature providing for a reduction of the passenger fare to 2 cents a mile, and of freight rates one-third below the present schedule. These men claim to represent twenty-eight

thousand employes.

The railroad committee of the lower house has before it fifty bills, covering every form of railroad legislation. The committee has come to the conclusion that the only practical solution of the railroad problem is to draft an entirely new bill embodying the best features of the bills introduced.

Free Trade Sugar-Coated.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The council of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union had under discussion this afternoon a resolution looking to the betterment of the agricultural and commercial industries of the country, and after quite a lively exchange of views it was adopted. The resolution is as follows:

Whereas, Of the three great industries of the United States—the agricultural, the commercial and the manufacturing—the first two are in the most depressed state, therefore, with a view to the betterment of the condition, be it Resolved, That the legislative committee of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union be requested to prepare a bill, for presentation to the present or the following Congress, containing the provision that all vessels built, owned and manned by citizens of the United States that carry full outgoing cargoes, to be determined by the tonnage of the vessel, twothirds of which at least shall consist of home agricultural products, shall be allowed to enter and discharge their returning cargoes, provided said cargoes shall consist of manufactured products, at any port of the United States, free of all customs duties. That we are persuaded that such a measure, properly carried out in detail, will not only build up the shipping interests of the country, but result in creating a foreign market for the surplus agricultural products of the United States.

A delegation of the officers of the Farmers' Alliance, now in session in this city, headed by President Polk, awaited the opening of the hearing of the House coinage committee this morning. President Polk stated their purpose to be to urge that prompt action might be had by the House

on the free-comage measure. The report of the committee on plans was submitted to-day. In addition to the various Alliance organizations already in existence, it contemplates the formation of congressional district alliances in each State and Territory where Alliance organizations flourished. Each congressional district is to have a lecturer. The State legislative committee is hereafter to be composed of the State president, the State executive board, the State lecturer and the lecturers of each congressional district. The congressional legislative committee is to consist of the president of the congressional district Alliance, its lecturer and the president of each county Alliauce. The county legislative council is to be composed of the county president, the county lecturer and the president of each subordinate Alliance.

The committee on plans also reported a resolution, which was passed, instructing the president of the council to appoint a national legislative sub-committee of three members to formulate bills to be presented to Congress in accordance to with the demands of the Ocala meeting. These demands include the sub-treasury proposition, the land-loan proposition. the free coinage of silver and a bill with respect to the Louisiana lottery. This sub-committee of three is to be a standing committee, and its action will be regarded as the action of the whole council. The committee has not yet been appointed. Congress will be urged to take action upon the sub-treasury bill at

its present session No Compromise Yet in Illinois. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 5 .- The proposed combination between the Republicans and the F. M. B. A. members of the Legislature for the election of a farmer candidate to the United States Senate failed to materialize this morning. The Republican steering committee asked that pledges be given by the F. M. B. A. that their candidate would give his support to the Republican party in the Senate. This the farmers declined to do. Cockran (farmer) was not present when the Legislature met in joint session to ballot for Senator. The other two farmers and the Republicans retraining from voting, the ballot stood, Palmer, 101; no quorum. The Republicans and farmers then

forced an adjournment. Representative Moore, of the F. M. B. A., appeared before the Republican steering committee to-day and said he had no pledges to make, except that if they see fit to accept any of the three men named by the farmers the one elected would, he thought, carry out fully the dictates of his conscience and principles of the F. M. B. A. The farmers have given the Republicans until next Tuesday to reach a decision. After Tuesday the three F. M. B. A. Representatives will refuse to further participate in joint ballotting, and will demand that the work of legislation in both houses be taken up. Considerable excitement has been occasioned by the publication of a letter from Col. Wm. R. Morrison, who was four years ago the Democratic candidate for United States Senator. The letter says: "When Palmer has had the continued support of all the Democratic votes a reasonable time there will be neither decency nor Democracy in standing out and saying if he cannot be elected no other Democrat shall have opportunity." Gen. Palmer says Colonel Morrison does not un-

derstand the situation. Connecticut Muddle Not Unraveled. HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 5.-The House of Representatives this morning took up for consideration the amended resolution of the Senate committee concerning the committee of conference. The resolution reads that a conference, consisting of five Senators and five Representatives, be appointed to consider the subject of the late election of State officers, and report thereon to their respective houses. Mr. Green, of Norwich, chairman of the committee on canvass, and a member of the joint com-mittee on conference, objected to the word "late" in the resolution. This was stricken out and the resolution passed. At the end of a lively debate the Senate, by a vote of 9 to 8, refused to concur with the House in its amendment and adjourned to Tuesday, This staves off any action by the conference committee until that date.

Washburn Fails of Indorsement. St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 5 .- The House of Representatives this morning received communications from the legis atures of Nebraska and Missouri regarding an interstate conference on usury legislation, and adopted a joint resolution providing for the appointment of delegates to such conference. By a vote of 44 to 42 the resolution commending Senator Washburn for opposi-tion to the Lodge elections bill was de-

To Tax Bonds and Stocks. DOVER, Del., Feb. 5 .- The farmers' committee bill taxing investments was introduced in the House by Mr. Eisenbrey, this afternoon. It is backed by the farmers' institutes and granges, and contemplates the assessment and taxation of all stocks,

ices Baking ream Dowder



Gas, Steam and Water Goods. GEO. A. RICHARDS 68 South Pennsylvania St.

TABLES FOR \$5.

I show in the windows a lot of Tables of all styles, sizes and colors, some of which have sold as high as \$10. Come and take your choice for \$5. They are bargains, and won't last long.

WM. L. ELDER, 43 & 45 South Meridian Street.

[OFFICIAL.]

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Life Insurance Company of Kentucky On the 31st day of December, 1890.

Located at northeast corner Fifth and Market streets, Louisville, Jefferson county, Kentucky. CHABLES D. JACOB, President. WILLIAM W. MOBRIS, Secretary. The amount of its capital is..... The amount of its capital paid up is..... THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Cash on hand, and in the hands of agents or other persons. Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance.

Debts for arminers

· LIABILITIES. \$1,615,538.52

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State. I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company, on the 31st day of December, 1890, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office. [SEAL.] In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 21st day of January, 1891.

BRUCE CARB, Auditor of State.

bonds, mortgages, securities and other evidences of indebtedness, with inquisitorial powers for ascertaining the holders of the same, and stringent penalties for attempts to evade the assessment and taxation thereof or to saddle the tax on the debtor. Railroad, telegraph and telephone com-panies are also liable, both as corporations and through their agents, for making any increase in freight or passenger rates consequent upon the passage of this bill.

No Money to Pay Legislators. St. Louis, Feb. 5. - Dispatches from Lit tle Rock, Ark., say that, in consequence of the shortage in the Arkansas State treasury, there is no money to pay members of the Legislature. Colonel Morrow, the new Treasurer, has firmly refused to pay the legislators on account of there being no funds "available" for that purpose, Gov. Eagle has sent special requests to all county collectors to send in at once all State moneys on hand to meet the necessities of the General Assembly.

Ex-Governor Thayer's Message. LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 5 .- The message of the retiring Governor, John M. Thayer, which was due at the opening of the session of the Legislature, four weeks ago, was finally read before a joint session of the Senate and House at 2 o'clock this afternoon. In it he asks the Legislature to memorialize Congress for the disarmament of the Indians and a change in their management, in order that they may be made civilized

tillers of the soil. To Tax Mortgages in Wisconsin. MADISON, Wis., Feb. 5 .- Bills were introduced in the Legislature to-day prohibiting a contract labor system in the State prison; making the mortgagee liable to taxation for the face of his mortgage and the owner of the mortgaged property liable to taxes on the difference between the assessed valuation of the property and the mortgage.

Moody's Chances Gone. PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 5.-The twenty-third and twenty-fourth ballots for United States Senator were taken to-day. Campbell again held nearly the entire strength of the Independents, getting 57 votes. Tripp held all the Democrats and got one Republican, giving him 26. Moody, Rep., went down to 16, and Mellville, Rep., up to 53.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN. Local Forecasts. For Indianapolis and Vicinity-For the twenty-four hours ending 8 P. M., Feb. 6-

Warmer; fair weather. Observations at Indianapolis. INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 5. Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Pre. 7 A. M. 30.32 20 69 S'west Cloudy. 0.00 7 P. M. 30.00 40 38 South. Cloudless 0.00

Maximum temperature, 46; minimum temper ature, 11.
Following is a comparative statement of the emperature and precipitation on Feb. 5: Mean.... 28 Departure from normal. Excess of deficiency since Feb. 1 Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 \*2.04 -1.59

> General Weather Conditions. THURSDAY, Feb. 5, 7 P. M.

PRESSURE .- High pressure continued east of the Mississippi and in the Southern States: low west of the Mississippi; the lowest in the Northwest. TEMPERATURE.-Higher temperature prevails everywhere; 100 above zero is reported from Manitoba, northern Minnesota and the porth shore of Lake Superior north-ward; 30° and below from Colorado, Dakota, northwestern Iowa, northern Wisconsin and northern Michigan and New York northward; 40° and below from New Mexico, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio and Virginia northward; 500 and above from Indian Territory, Arkansas, Missouri, Alabama and Florida southward: 600 and above in southern Texas.

PRECIPITATION .- No precipitation any where in the country, except light local rains in southern Florida.

Negro Lynched in Mississippi. GREENVILLE, Miss., Feb. 5.—Green Jackson, colored, was lynched last night by a mob of fifty armed men. Heacknowledged that he was the slayer of N. W. Ward, mar-Jan 28. The present marshal was on the

train last night, conveying Jackson to the Greenville jail for safe-keeping, when the mob boarded the train, took him from the officer and hung him on Deer creek bridge.

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS.

Manufacturers' Mutual Insurance Company Placed in the Hands of a Receiver. CHICAGO, Feb. 5 .- The Manufacturers' Mutual Insurance Company has been placed in the hands of a receiver. The liabilities amount to \$50,000, in addition to the claims of policy-holders. The assets have not been figured up, but it is said by the company's officers that they will amount to \$25,000. State Auditor Pavey made an examination, last December and notified the company that he had discovered an insufficiency in the cash over and above its reinsurance reserve for the payment of incurred losses and expenses, such deficit amounting to \$8,000. Forty days was given the company to make this good, but the company didn't attempt to secure the money until Jan. 8, when an assessment of 25 per cent. was levied. Little or nothing was paid on this assessment, and, preferring not to wait any longer, the Auditor notified Secretary Lithgow that the money must be paid in at once. A judgment was entered against the company yesterday afternoon for \$2,-400, and shortly after application was made

for the appointment of a receiver. Speculating Bishop Expelled. ABILENE, Kan., Feb. 5 .- A largely attended meeting of the elders of the Church of United Brethern, of Kansas, was held here, to-day, to consider the case of Bishop Engle. The Bishop had been speculating rather wildly in Kansas real estate and failed, recently, with liabilities \$50,000 in excess of assets. The elders, to-day, removed him from his office and expelled him

from the ministry. The cause of this ac-

tion is given as "indiscreet financiering." Troubles of Other Firms and Companies. COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 5 .- The Buckeye Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Shelby. O., has been ousted from its charter by the Supreme Court, the company having filed an answer to the Attorney-general's petition charging the company with having made a false statement as to its conditio in its report to the Commissioner of Insurance. The company did a large business in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Illinois.

WICHITA, Kan., [Feb. 5 .- Just before the hour for opening this morning, the follow-ing notice was posted on the door of the First Arkansas Valley Bank here: "Payment temporarily suspended owing to the impossibility of making collections and inability to procure funds at the present time from our correspondents, owing to the great stringency now prevailing." The assets of the bank are said to be more than twice sufficient to pay all liabilities, which are about \$125,000. The bank was the oldest in southwestern Kansas.

St. Louis, Feb. 5 .- John Tyson, who succumbed to the recent advance in the price of grain, will pay his creditors in full if offers Twenty-five cents cash and 75 cents in notes at six and twelve months. All local creditors have accepted the terms. SPRINGFIED, Mo., Feb. 5 .- King Brue. one of the oldest dry-goods firme in this city, was closed this morning under a chattel mortgage. The liabilities are about \$30,000; assets unknown.

Obituary. CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 5 .- Archbishop Labastida died to-day. He was born in Bishop Montes De Oca will probably be appointed his successor.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castorie

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria